

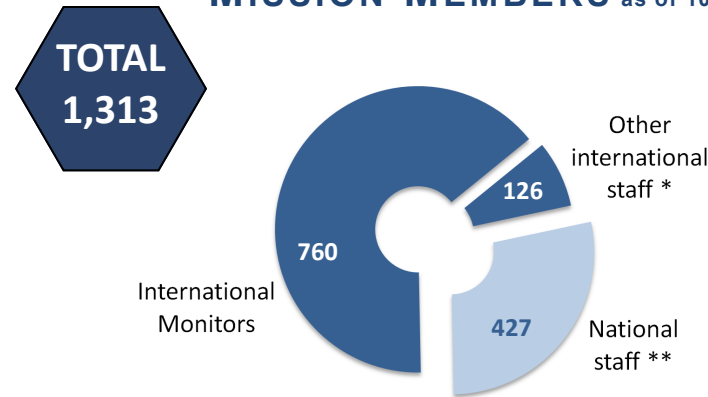


SMM monitoring officer preparing to launch a UAV in Luhansk region (OSCE/Evgeniy Maloletka)

FACTS MATTER

- Between 27 January and 9 February, the SMM recorded almost 8,500 ceasefire violations, fewer compared to about 8,900 in the previous two-week period.
- The Mission continued monitoring the security situation in and around the three disengagement areas. It observed a calm situation inside the disengagement areas near Stanysia Luhanska and Zolote; it recorded ceasefire violations inside the one near Petrivske.
- The SMM continued to observe anti-tank mines and unexploded ordnance on both sides of the contact line. Specifically, SMM unmanned aerial vehicles (UAV) spotted about 150 anti-tank mines near Verkhnohyrovsk and about 110 near Orikhove.
- The SMM recorded 26 weapons in violation of their respective withdrawal lines, compared to 89 in the previous two-week period: three in government-controlled areas and 23 in areas outside government control.
- The Mission followed up on reports of three civilian casualties: an elderly man injured by an explosive device near his home in Marinka on 29 January, and a man in Holubivske and a woman in Donetskyi injured in shelling the following day. Since the beginning of 2020, the SMM has recorded about 9,000 ceasefire violations in the Berezivske-Holubivske-Donetskyi-Orikhove-Novotshkivske area in Luhansk region (about 40 per cent of the total recorded since 1 January) and has observed damage to civilian objects. Since the beginning of the year, the SMM has corroborated in total 10 civilian casualties (one killed and nine injured).
- The SMM monitored and facilitated adherence to localized ceasefires including to enable repairs to water wells near Slovianoserbsk (providing water to about 100,000 people) and to electrical infrastructure in Zolote-4/Rodina (supplying electricity to about 600 people).
- The Mission's freedom of movement was restricted 55 times (50 in non-government-controlled areas, predominantly in southern Donetsk region). SMM UAVs were subjected to signal interference on both sides of the contact line on 43 occasions and were targeted by small-arms fire four times (three in government-controlled areas).
- The SMM's daily reports are available in three languages (English, Ukrainian and Russian) on the OSCE website: www.osce.org/ukraine-smm/reports.

MISSION MEMBERS as of 10 February 2020



* Other international staff includes Chief Monitor, two Deputy Chief Monitors, advisors, analysts, etc.
** National staff includes assistants, advisors and administrative personnel.

MISSION MONITORS

Albania	6	Latvia	8
Armenia	2	Lithuania	1
Austria	9	Moldova	41
Azerbaijan	1	Mongolia	1
Belarus	5	Montenegro	3
Belgium	2	Netherlands	2
Bosnia and Herzegovina	52	North Macedonia	26
Bulgaria	46	Norway	11
Canada	27	Poland	35
Croatia	10	Portugal	1
Czech Republic	13	Romania	29
Denmark	8	Russian Federation	41
Estonia	3	Serbia	15
Finland	25	Slovakia	12
France	16	Slovenia	1
Georgia	20	Spain	12
Germany	33	Sweden	16
Greece	21	Switzerland	7
Hungary	20	Tajikistan	12
Ireland	7	Turkey	9
Italy	19	United Kingdom	49
Kazakhstan	5	United States	55
Kyrgyzstan	23	TOTAL	760
Male	617	Female	143

SPECIAL MONITORING MISSION TO UKRAINE

Who we are

- Unarmed civilian monitors;
- Around 750 monitors across Ukraine;
- Around 600 based in the east;
- From 45 OSCE participating States.

What we do

- Report the facts as we observe and establish them;
- Gather information and report on the security situation;
- Report on the humanitarian situation and people's needs, and facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid of other organizations;
- Help to establish dialogue and local ceasefires.

Important to understand:

- It is up to the sides to stop the fighting;
- We do not conduct investigations, but report on facts;
- We do not deliver but facilitate the delivery of humanitarian aid.