CONTEMPORARY INFORMATION CHALLENGES FACING MEDIA IN AZERBAIJAN

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- disinformation and propaganda
- > fact checking initiatives
- role of media in promoting media literacy

ALERT

- Lack of freedom and independence of media
- Irresponsible journalists
- Lack of professionalism
- Economic & political pressure
- Lack of dialogue
- Weak implementation of Legislation
- Unfairness with broadcast licensing
- Dominance of spin/no diversity
- Disinformation and propoganda

DISINFORMATION AND PROPAGANDA:

Challenges:

- State media
- no free private media
- no alternative source of information
- lack of media professionalism, due to lack of resources and independence

Recommendations:

- Financial monitoring
- Liquidation of state-run media
- Re-establishment of National Press Council, National Broadcasting Council and Fund of State Support for Development of Mass Media
- Lobby/Advocacy for implementation of the information law and decriminalization of defamation

FACT CHECKING INITIATIVES

CHALLENGE

- Constitution of RA (articles 50, 151)
- Article 10 (ECHR)

VS.

- Law on the Right to Obtain Information
- Law on Commercial Secrets
- Law on the State Registration of Legal Entities

"Everyone is free to legally seek, receive, impart, produce and disseminate any information"

Article 151-Legal effects on International acts

The laws above permit commercial entities to keep their registration information, including information about the ownership and structure

FACT CHECKING – DIVERSITY OF MEDIA CONTENT

Challenges:

- lack of pluralism and dominance of spin in the media.
- Govt's pressure on media.
- Poor access to information.

Recommendations:

- Promote ethics and selfregulation
- Legal framework for broadcast
- ☐ Improve dialogue between govt and media watchdogs
- □ Improve coordination between media, govt and civil society

MEDIA LITERACY IN AZERBAIJAN

- Access only state selections, no alternative traditional, focus on social media
- Analyze misinformation and propaganda works, believe in story, all sides active in social media
- Evaluate low critical thinking due to lack of alternative media
- Communicate no platform for free speech on traditional media, only social media, but with consequences

MEDIA LITERACY IN AZERBAIJAN

- No legal framework
- More focus on media literacy education of children and teenagers
- Practical steps by the State:
 - Meetings and conferences with representatives of the media and journalists associations;
 - >Research;
 - **▶**Trainings for parents;
 - **▶**Trainings for teachers. (source NTRC)

SOLUTIONS

Advocacy for media freedom
Legal training to protect journalists
Ensure better access to print media in regions
Development of alternative media and multi platform
reporting
Simplification of broadcast licensing
Promote safety for journalists
Decriminalization of defamation
Promote transparency of ownership
Better coordination between sectors